BEST AVAILABLE CONT

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From INTE	the RNATIONAL SEA	RCHING AUTH	ORITY						
То:					PCT				
	see torm	PCT/ISA/220		INTERNATIO	TTEN OPINION OF THE DNAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43 <i>bis</i> .1)				
·				Date of mailing (day/month/year)	see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)				
	icant's or agent's file form PCT/ISA/2			FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below					
	national application T/EP2004/00852		International filing date 29.07.2004	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 31.07.2003				
	national Patent Clas 2N15/82	sification (IPC) or	both national classification	n and IPC	ı				
	icant EENOVATION E	BIOTECH GME	3H	.					
1.	This opinion co	ontains indicati	ons relating to the fol	llowing items:					
	Box No. I	Basis of the op	oinion						
	☐ Box No. II	Priority							
,	☐ Box No. III	Non-establish	ment of opinion with reg	gard to novelty, inven	itive step and industrial applicability				
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity o	of invention						
-	⊠ Box No. V		tement under Rule 43 <i>b.</i> itations and explanation		to novelty, inventive step or industrial atement				
;	☐ Box No. VI	Certain docum	ents cited						
i	☐ Box No. VII		s in the international ap	•					
	☐ Box No. VIII	Certain observ	ations on the internatio	onal application					
: 2.	FURTHER ACT	ION							
	If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notifed the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.								
	submit to the IPI	EA a written repeted at the earth of the earth of mailing	ly together, where appr	opriate, with amendn	e IPEA, the applicant is invited to nents, before the expiration of three on of 22 months from the priority date,				
	For further optio	ns, see Form P(CT/ISA/220.						
3.	For further detai	ls, see notes to	Form PCT/ISA/220.						

Name and mailing address of the ISA:

9)

European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel: +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465 Authorized Officer

Meyer, W

Telephone No. +49 89 2399-8157



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

TAPO 31 JAN 2000 International application No. PCT/EP2004/008521

	Box	c No	o. I Basis of the opinion
1.	Witl the	h re Ian	gard to the language , this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in guage in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
		lar	is opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following iguage—, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search or representation in the search or representation in the search or representation is a search or representation or representation in the search or representation is a search or representation or representation in the search or representation is a search or representation or representation in the search or representation is a search or representation or representation or representation is a search or representation
2.	Witt	h re	gard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and ary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:
	a. ty	ype	of material:
	[⊠}	a sequence listing
	[\supset	table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b. fo	orm	at of material:
	į	3	in written format
	(ጅ]	in computer readable form
	c. ti	me	of filling/furnishing:
	ť	<u></u> \(\)	contained in the international application as filed.
	Ę	\boxtimes	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
	[furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.
3.		ha ço	addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto s been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional pies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as propriate, were furnished.
4.	Ado	litio	nal comments:

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/008521

	Box	k No. IV	Lack of unity of i	nvention						
1.	LI	In resp	onse to the invitation	ı (Form P	CT/ISA/20	06) to pay additional fees, the applicant has:				
	paid additional fees.									
		paid additional fees under protest.								
			not paid additional f	ees.						
2.		☐ This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose not to invite the applicant to pay additional fees.								
3.	This	This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rule 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is								
		□ complied with								
	3	☐ not complied with for the following reasons:								
		see separate sheet								
4.	Cor	Consequently, this report has been established in respect of the following parts of the international application:								
	🖼 all parts.									
		☐ the parts relating to claims Nos.								
		x No. V ustrial				3bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or one supporting such statement				
1.	Sta	tement								
	Nov	velty (N)		Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-16				
	Inve	Inventive step (IS)			Claims Claims	1-16				
	Indi	ustrial a	pplicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-16				
2.	Cita	ations ar	nd explanations							

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Form PCT/ISA/237 (January 2004)

see separate sheet

BEST AVAILABLE

10/566496

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/EP2004/008521

APROPRE OF FOTO 31 JAN 2006

Re Item IV.

The separate inventions/groups of inventions are:

- 1. They are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept (Rule 13.1 PCT) for the following reasons:
- 2. The following document/s (D) is/are referred to in this communication; the numbering will be adhered to in the rest of the procedure:
 - D1: US 2003/113921 Article 123(2) EPC (STAUB JEFFREY M ET AL) 19 June 2003 (2003-06-19)
 - D2: SCHAEFER DIDIER G: "A new moss genetics: Targeted mutagenesis in Physicomitrella patens" ANNUAL REVIEW OF PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND PLANT MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, ANNUAL REVIEWS INC, XX, vol. 53, 2002, pages 477-501, XP002233936 ISSN: 1040-2519
- 3. The International Preliminary Examination Authority (IPEA) agrees with the objection put forward by the International Searching Authority (ISA) as to lack of unity (Article 34(3) and Rule 13 PCT)
- 4. The international search report has been drawn up in respect of the entire international application, but the IPEA finds that the application does not comply with the requirement of unity of invention (Article 34(3) and Rule 13 PCT).
- 5. An international application must relate to one invention only or to a group of inventions so linked as to form a single general inventive concept. Unity of invention is fulfilled only when there is a technical relationship between the inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding <u>special technical features</u>, special technical features being such features, that define a contribution which each of the claimed inventions, considered <u>as a whole</u>, makes over the prior art.

The presently claimed subject-matter does not fulfil the above requirements on unity of invention: In view of the closest prior art (D1) and the description, the problem underlying the present application is the following: "Provision of

alternative DNA construct, comprising a heterologous DNA sequence, which is embedded by recombination sequences."

- 6. The solution to this problem is however state of the art (see D1, Fig 7, Fig. 8, p. 1 paragraph 0003, 0005 and claims). the provision of proteins isolated from a plant source, having antifungal activity. However, this relation cannot be accepted to consist of special technical feature as defined above since it does not define a contribution which each of the different claimed inventions, considered as a whole makes over the prior art.
 - Thus, this feature cannot be accepted as a <u>special</u> technical feature as required by Rule 13 PCT.
- 7. Consequently, the technical relationship of the independent claims does not embrace a special technical feature, within the meaning of Rule 13.2 PCT. The following inventions have to be considered separately:
 - A. Method of amplifying gene expression in moss (Claims 1-8)
 - B. DNA construct comprising a heterologous DNA sequence flanked on the 5' end by a first recombination sequence and on the 3' end on a second recombination sequence (Claims 9 and partially claims 11-18).
 - C. DNA construct comprising a heterologous DNA sequence flanked on the 5' end by a second recombination sequence and on the 3' end on a first recombination sequence (Claims 10 and partially claims 12-18.)

The technical contributions of these groups of claims are different and are not directly linked or corresponding so that they could be considered to contribute a special technical feature as defined in Rule 13 PCT. Hence, the application lacks unity under Article 34(3) PCT in the light of Rule 13.2 PCT.

The Applicant may want to restrict the claims. If they were restricted to any of the above two indicated inventions, they would then comply with the requirements of unity of invention.

Re Item V.

- The subject-matter of present claims 1-16 is new (Article 33(3) PCT).
- 9. The present application does not satisfy the criterion set forth in Article 33(3) PCT

because the subject-matter of **claims 1-16** does not involve an inventive step. D1 is considered to represent the closest prior art and discloses specific constructs for improved plastid transformation via homologous recombination in moss.

The difference between D1 and the subject matter of **claims 1-16** of the present application is the utilisation of two different construct comprising recombination sequences, for amplifying gene expression.

Starting from D1, the underlying technical problem is whether the expression of heterologous nucleic acids which are transformed in two different construct embedded by recombination sequences are amplified.

The subject-matter of the claims referred to above is not considered to solve this requirement over the entire breadth. According to the problem solution approach, the technical problem has to be solved about the entire scope of claim. However in the present case it is not credible that any flanking sequence is able to amplify the expression of a heterologous DNA in moss. Consequently, claims 1-16 do not fulfil the requirements of Article 33(3) PCT.

10. The terms "first-" or "second heterologous nucleic acid construct" (e.g. **claim 1**) renders the scope of said claim unclear, because the structure of the first and second heterologous nucleic acid construct is not defined (Article 6 PCT).

